English IV CP

Vocabulary List 1

1. **provenance** - (n.) the place of origin or earliest known history of something.
2. **relative** - (adj.) considered in relation or in proportion to something else.
3. **absolute** - (adj.) not qualified or diminished in any way; total; viewed or existing independently and not in relation to other things; not relative or comparative.
4. **explicate** - (v.) to give a detailed explanation of; to develop the implications of; analyze logically
5. **disinterest** - (n.) the state of not being influenced by personal involvement in something; impartiality; lack of interest or concern
6. **ambivalent** - (adj.) uncertain or unable to decide about what course to follow; emotionally torn
7. **ambiguous** - (adj.) unclear or inexact because a choice between alternatives has not been made; (of language) open to more than one interpretation; having more than one meaning.
8. **equivocal** - (adj.) allowing possibility of several different meanings, as a word orphrase, especially with intent to deceive or misguide; susceptible ofdouble interpretation; deliberately ambiguous:
9. **evoke** - (v.) to elicit or draw forth (memories, emotions, abstractions); to produce or suggest through artistry and imagination an impression of reality.
10. **evince** - (v.) to show clearly; make evident or manifest; prove; to reveal the possession of (a quality, trait, etc.).
11. **synthesis** - (n.) the combining of the constituent elements of separate material or abstract entities into a single or unified entity; (as opposed to analysis) the separating of any material or abstract entity into its constituent elements.
12. **analysis** - (n.) the separating of any material or abstract entity into its constituent elements (opposed to synthesis); this process as a method of studying the nature of something or of determining its essential features and their relations.
13. **juxtapose** - (v.) to place close together or side by side for comparison/ contrast.
14. **qualify -** (v.) to modify or limit in some way; to limit the scope of by making more specific
15. **concede -** (v.) to acknowledge as true, just, or proper; admit: to acknowledge an opponent's (victory, score, etc.);
16. **concur -** (v.) to accord in opinion; agree; to coincide; occur at the same time:
17. **nuance -** (n.) a subtle difference or distinction in expression, meaning, response, color, tone, other abstraction
18. **platitude -** (n.) a flat, dull, or trite remark, especially one uttered as if it were fresh or profound.
19. **archaism** - (n.) a word, expression that is marked as belonging to an earlier , as in literature or art.
20. **anachronistic -** (adj.) chronologically misplaced.